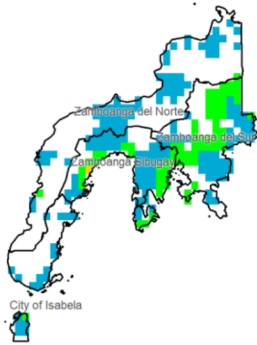
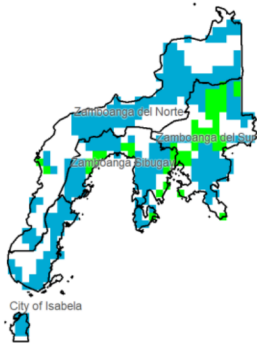


Region IX (Zamboanga Peninsula)

Water Availability for Rice
Prevailing Stage : (III) Reproductive



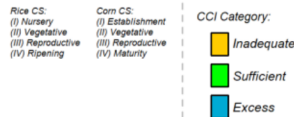
Water Availability for Corn
Prevailing Stage : (IV) Maturity



Provincial Values

	Mon. Ave. Rainfall (mm)	Rice		Corn	
		CS	CCI (%)	CS	CCI (%)
City of Isabela	316.9	I	391.9	I	503.7
		II	388.1	II	485.0
		III	386.2	III	471.8
		IV	407.4	IV	484.3
Zamboanga del Norte	248.9	I	354.7	I	430.0
		II	354.0	II	419.7
		III	353.6	III	412.9
		IV	357.9	IV	419.4
Zamboanga del Sur	257.4	I	250.3	I	382.7
		II	245.2	II	357.8
		III	242.8	III	341.7
		IV	272.4	IV	357.0
Zamboanga Sibugay	252.9	I	264.8	I	359.3
		II	259.5	II	332.0
		III	257.0	III	314.9
		IV	288.2	IV	331.1

Crop Stage (CS) highlighted in black to the dominant stage during the month of August



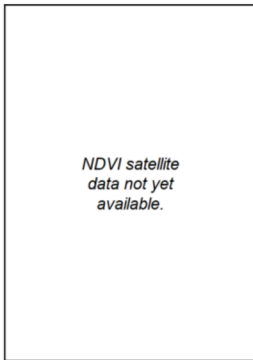
Regional Summary

The Zamboanga Peninsula provinces all received above-average rainfall, which is favorable to rice crops during their reproductive stage. However, excessive rainfall was also noted for corn crops, which might decrease crop yields during their maturity stage.

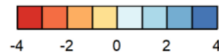
The three-month total rainfall (SPEI3) map indicates near-normal to slightly wetter conditions over the region.

The extreme rainfall indices (RX1day and RX5day) map illustrates the distribution of rainfall was ranging from 50 to 150 mm respectively. The heavy rainfall observed in the RX5day index is in the southern portion of the region and it may be attributed to the combined effect of the easterlies and the southwest monsoon.

NDVI



SPEI3 (Jun-Jul-Aug)



RX1day



RX5day

